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## Case study on anxiety disorder pdf

There are over 100 signs and symptoms of anxiety disorder, making this disorder difficult for health care professionals to diagnose. Most people experience some degree of normal functioning, it may be diagnosed as a disorder. In addition to generalized anxiety disorder (GAD), obsessive-compulsive disorders, and agoraphobia also fall under the category of anxiety disorders have biological, medical and chemical factors, including a lack of production of the neurotransmitter GABA. Overly apprehensive thought patterns create the physiological, psychological, and emotional states of anxiety and the resulting symptoms. When one experiences anxiety, it triggers the body's stress response, which also triggers symptoms of anxiety disorder mirror the symptoms. The difference is, the disorder mirror the symptoms of anxiety, it triggers the body's stress response, which also triggers symptoms. The symptoms of anxiety disorder mirror the symptoms of anxiety. women experience many of the same symptoms of anxiety, though women may notice differences due to menstruation, pregnancy, and menopause. Specific symptoms of anxiety disorder can include headaches, brain fog, chest pain and tightness, lack of concentration, heart palpitations, numbness, panic attacks, racing thoughts, shortness of breath, and weight gain. Common SymptomsPanic attacksChest painMigraines and chronic daily headachesBrain FogRacing Thoughts The anxiety disorder is a group of mental conditions caused by a combination of factors or possibly more complicated mental illnesses. Anxiety disorder has a tremendous impact on the world's population, where as many as every fourth individual is prone to suffering from it. It takes up to six months for the symptoms of anxiety disorder to manifest. 12% of the world's population is diagnosed with this disorder every year, and every person on earth has a 5-30% chance of suffering from anxiety disorder during their lifetime. Knowledge of its early appearance makes it highly treatable, while later treatment may prove completely futile. The misconception that anxiety disorder is a sort of social fear is completely untrue because fear is an emotion displayed in the face of something perceived as a threat, while anxiety is a feeling of unease in specific situations. Aside from sweaty palms, occasional shivering, profuse sweating, tooth grinding and even sexual dysfunction, anxiety is recognizable by some symptoms that can be identified through questionnaires. This disorder can be treated with various remedies that are also used for much more serious mental complications. While it does not pose a serious health threat in itself, the constant tension that accompanies it can do serious damage to the nervous system. Anxiety is something nearly everyone will deal with at some point in their lives. Stressful events like job interviews, public speaking, or difficult life experiences like financial difficulties and relationship issues can cause nervousness and anxiety. For some, dealing with anxiety is a constant battle, at levels almost impossible to manage. It is not always clear whether a person suffers from anxiety disorder as there are many reasons why someone might have trouble falling asleep or remaining asleep. Causes of restless sleep or insomnia include both physical and psychological reasons. Momentous occasions or stressful circumstances, such as job interview or a milestone event, can also result in a restless or disturbed sleep. However, if a person finds themselves consistently having trouble falling asleep, this may be a sign of an anxiety disorder. Often, this sleeplessness will take the form of lying awake over-thinking specific issues, like money or relationship problems, but it is also possible that the anxiety will take no specific form. One might suspect an anxiety disorder if he or she wakes up with a racing mind, unable to calm down on a consistent basis. If you have an anxiety disorder, then you're well aware it is no cup of tea. The worry, the panic, the stress — it can really take a negative toll on your life. But perhaps just as bad is watching someone you love deal with the same issues. That's why it's a good idea to keep an eye out for signs someone has an anxiety disorder, and help them get treatment if necessary. Of course I'm not saying it's up to you to monitor everyone else's eccentricities and possible disorders 24/7. But if you happen to notice a problem early on, it may be of quite the benefit to your friend, partner, or family member. That's because anxiety is the type of thing that builds on itself, so spotting it ASAP is key. "Anxiety usually emerges as a reaction to stressor(s). The stress causes physiological symptoms that are then misinterpreted as a threat," says Dr. Michele Barton in an interview with Bustle over email. "In the case of anxiety, this becomes a chronic/continuous state of being for anxious people who are then in this state constantly. Unfortunately, as time goes on, without intervention like psychotherapy and/or medication the body's reaction to this perceived threat becomes more intense, more frequent, and extended in duration. "Once spotted, whether by you or the sufferer, there are a myriad of treatments that can help reign in anxiety symptoms. Read on for some of the signs of an anxiety disorder. Check Out: Dare: The New Way to End Anxiety and Stop Panic Attacks, \$16, Amazon1. They Complain About Feeling WorriedI know, I know... everyone worries. So it probably doesn't seem like that big of a deal when a friend, family member, or partner complains about being uptight or tense. But there is a difference between normal stress, and full-on anxiety. "In the case of generalized anxiety disorder, it means having persistent anxious thoughts on most days of the week, for six months. Also, the anxiety must be so bad that it interferes with daily life and is accompanied by noticeable symptoms, such as fatigue," said Amanda MacMillan on Health. See the difference?2. They Have Some Pretty Bad PhobiasIf your best friend needs to hold your hand in an elevator, or gets super upset on planes, then it's pretty clear he or she has a phobia. Phobias are a type of anxiety disorder, and they obviously make a life feel way scarier than it needs to be. "If you have a phobia, you may experience a deep sense of dread or panic when you encounter the source of your fear," said Andrea Wodele and Matthew Solan on the medical site Healthline.com. So take note, and be really comforting, the next time your friend completely loses it.3. They Avoid Certain Situations When anxiety gets bad enough, it may cause the sufferer to start avoiding "scary" situations all together. As Alice Boyes, Ph.D., said on Psychology Today, "Avoidance is the number one behavior and actions they fear will trigger anxiety or where they'll be unable to escape." So maybe your friend stops going in elevators all together, or suddenly refuses to fly. This type of avoidant behavior makes a lot of sense in theory (i.e., don't go places that scare you), but it will really start to negatively affect their life.4. They Can Hardly Ever SleepKeep an eye on your chronically tired friends and fam. Of course, their exhaustion could be caused by any number of things — stress at work, late-night Netflix binges, etc. But it can also be a sign of an anxiety disorder. According to MacMillan, half of the people who suffer from generalized anxiety disorder have sleep problems. And yes, it's because they are lying awake all night worrying. They've Had A Panic AttackIf you've ever had a panic attack, then you know how much it sucks. So have a little compassion for your panicky friend or family member, and then maybe help guide them towards some treatment. That's because panic attacks, or panic disorder, can quickly get out of control. They can even lead to agoraphobia, which is the fear of being in places where escape or help would be difficult, according to an article on the health website Helpguide.org. This can lead to the aforementioned avoidant behavior, and it's a slippery slope from there.6. They Seriously Hate Being In PublicPeople with generalized anxiety disorder don't exactly love being in public, but people with the more specific social anxiety disorder can be thought of as extreme shyness. Does your quiet roommate hate going to the bar with you? Maybe this is why.7. They Never Feel WellConstant anxiety is obviously incredibly difficult to deal with mentally, but it can also take a toll physically. Physical symptoms of anxiety include headaches, nausea, shortness of breath, dry mouth, and shakiness, according to WebMD.8. They're ObsessiveIs your SO quirky to a fault? Maybe they can't leave home without checking the stove 20 times, or making sure all the lamps are unplugged. It may seem laughable, but these types of actions are serious signs of obsessive compulsive disorder. OCD is yet another type of anxiety disorder which can lead people to have unwanted thoughts, feelings, and ideas (AKA obsessions). They may also have strange behaviors — like unplugging all the lamps — that they feel driven to do (AKA the compulsions). Often the person carries out these behaviors in an effort to get rid of the obsessive thoughts, but it only provides temporary relief, according to an article on Psychology Today. And that's why OCD is so terribly exhausting.9. They Are Self-Concious Everyone's shy from time to time, but someone with anxiety may be painfully so. As MacMillan said, "Social anxiety disorder doesn't always involve speaking to a crowd or being the center of attention. In most cases, the anxiety is provoked by every day situations such as making one-on-one conversation at a party, or eating and drinking in front of even a small number of people."10. They're Still Scarred From An EventIf you know an anxious person who went through a particularly traumatizing event, it could be likely they're suffering from post-traumatic stress disorder, or PTSD. This is an anxiety disorder that may develop after exposure to a terrifying event in which several physical harm occurred or was threatened, according to an article on Psychology Today. Think natural disasters, personal assaults, or military combat. Such things can really do a number on a person, and the effects can last for years.11. They're Full Of Self-DoubtPlenty of people are smart and capable, and yet still suffer from horrible self-doubt. When that's the case, it could be anxiety that's to blame. That's because persistent self-doubt is a common feature of anxiety disorders, according to MacMillan, and it can start to negative affects on health, relationships, work, and well-being. So if someone you care about is suffering away, try to get them some much-needed help, or at least try to nudge them in that direction. Images: Pexels (11); Unsplash, Mario AzziHappy shopping! FYI, Bustle may receive a portion of sales from products purchased from this article, which were added independently from Bustle's sales and editorial departments after publication. Written by Erica Julson, MS, RDN, CLT — Updated on April 10, 2018Many people experience anxiety at some point in their lives. In fact, anxiety is a very normal response to stressful life events like moving, changing jobs or having financial troubles. However, when symptoms of anxiety become larger than the events that triggered them and begin to interfere with your life, they could be signs of an anxiety disorder. Anxiety disorder can be debilitating, but they can be managed with proper help from a medical professional. Recognizing the symptoms is the first step. Here are 11 common symptoms of an anxiety disorder, as well as how to reduce anxiety naturally and when to seek professional help. Share on PinterestKyle Monk/Getty ImagesOne of the most common symptoms of an anxiety disorder is excessive worrying associated with anxiety disorders is disproportionate to the events that trigger it and typically occurs in response to normal, everyday situations (1). To be considered a sign of generalized anxiety disorder, the worrying must occur on most days for at least six months and be difficult to concentrate and accomplish daily tasks. People under the age of 65 are at the highest risk of generalized anxiety disorder, especially those who are single, have a lower socioeconomic status and have many life stressors (3). SUMMARYExcessive worrying about daily matters is a hallmark of generalized anxiety disorder, especially if it is severe enough to interfere with daily life and persists almost daily for at least six months. When someone is feeling anxious, part of their sympathetic nervous system goes into overdrive. This kicks off a cascade of effects throughout the body, such as a racing pulse, sweaty palms, shaky hands and dry mouth (4). These symptoms occur because your brain believes you have sensed danger, and it is preparing your body to react to the threat. Your body shunts blood away from your digestive system and toward your muscles in case you need to run or fight. It also increases your heart rate and heightens your senses (5). While these effects would be helpful in the case of a true threat, they can be debilitating if the fear is all in your head. Some research even suggests that people without anxiety disorders, which means they may feel the effects of anxiety for a longer period of time (6, 7). summary a rapid heartbeat, sweating, shaking and dry mouth are all common symptoms of anxiety, especially in children and teens. When someone is experiencing restlessness, they often describe it as feeling "on edge" or having an "uncomfortable urge to move." One study in 128 children diagnosed with anxiety disorders found that 74% reported restlessness as one of their main anxiety symptoms (8). While restlessness does not occur in all people with anxiety, it is one of the red flags doctors frequently look for when making a diagnosis. If you experience restlessness on the majority of days for more than six months, it may be a sign of an anxiety disorder (9). summary Restlessness on the majority of days for more than six months, it may be a sign of an anxiety disorder (9). summary Restlessness alone is not enough to diagnose an anxiety disorder, but it can be one symptom, especially if it occurs frequently. Becoming easily fatigued is another potential symptom of generalized anxiety disorder. This symptom can be surprising to some, as anxiety disorder. This symptom can be chronic. It's unclear whether this fatigue is due to other common of generalized anxiety disorder. symptoms of anxiety, such as insomnia or muscle tension, or whether it may be related to the hormonal effects of chronic anxiety (10). However, it is important to note that fatigue can be a sign of depression or other medical conditions, so fatigue alone is not enough to diagnose an anxiety disorder (11). Summary Fatigue can be a sign of an anxiety disorder if it is accompanied by excessive worrying. However, it can also indicate other medical disorders. Many people with anxiety report having difficulty concentrating (12). Another study in 175 adults with the same disorder found that almost 90% reported having difficulty concentrating. The worse their anxiety was, the more trouble for holding short-term information. This may help explain the dramatic decrease in performance people often experience during periods of high anxiety (14, 15). However, difficulty concentrating can also be a symptom of other medical conditions, such as an attention deficit disorder or depression, so it is not enough evidence to diagnose an anxiety disorder or depression, so it is not enough evidence to diagnose an anxiety disorder or depression, so it is not enough evidence to diagnose an anxiety disorder. in the majority of people diagnosed with generalized anxiety disorder. Most people with anxiety disorder salso experience excessive irritability. According to one recent study including over 6,000 adults, more than 90% of those with generalized anxiety disorder reported feeling highly irritable during periods when their anxiety disorder was at its worst (16). Compared to self-reported worriers, young and middle-aged adults with generalized anxiety disorder reported more than twice as much irritability in their day-to-day lives (17). Given that anxiety is associated with high arousal and excessive worrying, it is not surprising that irritability is a common symptom. Summary Most people with generalized anxiety disorder report feeling highly irritable, especially when their anxiety. While tense muscles on most days of the week is another frequent symptom of anxiety. While tense muscles may be common, it's not fully understood why they're associated with anxiety. It is possible that muscle tenseness itself increases feelings of anxiety, but it is also possible that anxiety leads to increased muscle tenseness, or that a third factor causes both. Interestingly, treating muscle tension with muscle relaxation therapy (18, 19). summary Muscle tension is strongly linked to anxiety, but the direction of the relationship is not well understood. Treating muscle tension has been shown to help reduce symptoms of worry. Sleep disturbances are strongly associated with anxiety disorders (20, 21, 22, 23). Waking up in the middle of the night and having trouble falling asleep are the two most commonly reported problems (24). Some research suggests that having insomnia during childhood was linked to developing an anxiety disorder by age 26 (26). While insomnia in childhood was linked to developing an anxiety disorder by age 26 (26). While insomnia in childhood was linked to developing an anxiety later in life (25). A study following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during childhood was linked to a 60% increased risk of developing an anxiety disorder by age 26 (26). While insomnia during childhood was linked to a 60% increased risk of developing an anxiety later in life (25). A study following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during childhood was linked to a 60% increased risk of developing an anxiety later in life (25). A study following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during childhood was linked to a 60% increased risk of developing anxiety later in life (25). A study following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during childhood was linked to a 60% increased risk of developing anxiety later in life (25). A study following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during childhood was linked to a 60% increased risk of developing anxiety later in life (25). A study following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during the following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during the following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during the following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during the following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during the following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having insomnia during the following nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having nearly 1,000 children over 20 years found that having nearly 1,000 children over 20 years and anxiety are strongly linked, it is unclear whether insomnia contributes to anxiety, if anxiety contributes to insomnia, or both (27, 28). What is known is that when the underlying anxiety disorder is treated, insomnia often improves as well (29). Summary Sleep problems are very common in people with anxiety. improve sleep quality as well. One type of anxiety disorder called panic disorder is associated with recurring panic attacks. Panic attacks produce an intense, overwhelming sensation of fear that can be debilitating. This extreme fear is typically accompanied by rapid heartbeat, sweating, shortness of breath, chest tightness, nausea and fear of dying or losing control (30). Panic attacks can happen in isolation, but if they occur frequently and unexpectedly, they may be a sign of panic disorder. An estimated 22% of American adults will experience a panic disorder. (31).summaryPanic attacks produce extremely intense feelings of fear, accompanied by unpleasant physical symptoms. Recurring panic attacks may be a sign of panic disorder. You may be exhibiting signs of social anxiety disorder if you find yourself: Feeling anxious or fearful about upcoming social situationsWorried that you may be judged or scrutinized by others Fearful of being embarrassed or humiliated in front of others Avoiding certain social events because of these fears Social anxiety tends to develop early in life. In fact, about 50% of those who have it are diagnosed by age 11, while 80% are diagnosed by age 20 (33). People with social anxiety may appear extremely shy and quiet in groups or when meeting new people. While they may not appear extremely shy and quiet in groups or when meeting new people with social anxiety appear snobby or standoffish, but the disorder is associated with low self-esteem, high self-criticism and depression (34).summaryFear and avoidance of social anxiety disorders, enclosed spaces or heights, could be a sign of a phobia. A phobia is defined as extreme anxiety or fear about a specific object or situation. The feeling is severe enough that it interferes with your ability to function normally. Some common phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural environment phobias: Fear of specific animals or insects Natural of blood, injections, needles or injuriesSituational phobias: Fear of certain situations like an airplane or elevator rideAgoraphobia is another phobia that involves fear of at least two of the following: Using public transportationBeing in enclosed spacesStanding in line or being in a crowdBeing outside of the home alonePhobias affect 12.5% of Americans at some point in their lives. They tend to develop in childhood or the teenage years and are more common in women than men (35, 36). summaryIrrational fears that interrupt daily functioning may be a sign of a specific phobia. There are many types of phobias, but all involve avoidance behavior and feelings of extreme fear. There are many natural ways reduce anxiety and help you feel better, including: Eating a healthy diet: Diets rich in vegetables, fruits, high-quality meats, fish, nuts and whole grains can lower the risk of developing anxiety disorders, but diet alone is probably not enough to treat them (37, 38, 39, 40). Consuming probiotics and fermented foods: Taking probiotics and eating fermented foods have been associated with improved mental health (41, 42). Limiting caffeine: Excessive caffeine intake may worsen feelings of anxiety disorders and alcohol abuse are strongly linked, so it may help to stay away from alcoholic beverages (45, 46). Quitting is associated with an increased risk of developing an anxiety disorder, but research is mixed on whether it helps those who have already been diagnosed (49, 50, 51, 52). Trying meditation: One type of meditation based therapy called mindfulness-based stress reduction has been shown to reduce symptoms in people diagnosed with anxiety disorders, but more high-quality research is needed (56, 57), summary Consuming a nutrient-dense diet, quitting psychoactive substances and implementing stress-management techniques can all help reduce symptoms of anxiety. Anxiety can be debilitating, so it's important to seek professional help if your symptoms are severe. If you feel anxious on the majority of days and experience one or more of the symptoms listed above for at least six months, it may be a sign of an anxiety disorder. Regardless of how long you have been experiencing symptoms, if you ever feel like your emotions are interfering with your life, you should seek professional help. Licensed psychologists and psychiatrists are trained to treat anxiety disorders through a variety of means. This often includes cognitive behavioral therapy, anti-anxiety medications or some of the natural therapies listed above. Working with a professional can help you manage your anxiety and reduce your symptoms as quickly and safely as possible. Summary If you are experiencing chronic symptoms of anxiety that are interfering with your life, it is important to seek professional help. Anxiety disorders are characterized by a variety of symptoms. One of the most common is excessive and intrusive worrying that disrupts daily functioning. Other signs include agitation, restlessness, fatigue, difficulty concentrating, irritability, tense muscles and trouble sleeping. Recurring panic attacks may indicate panic disorder, fearing and avoiding social situations could indicate social anxiety you may have, there are many natural solutions you can use to help relieve it while working with a licensed healthcare professional. Read this article in Spanish

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