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No registration number on birth certificate

Employers are required for tax purposes to have a registration or identification number that is assigned by the Internal Revenue Service. Known as an Employer Identification Number (EIN), the format of this number is two digits with a dash followed by seven more digits. Nonprofit organizations can be found using the Guidestar website and publicly traded companies can be found through the Securities and Exchange Commission. Information for privately held corporations or companies can be found using the KnowX web site. Search for nonprofit organizations by going to the Guidestar website. Enter a company name or the city and state where the nonprofit company is located. Click the "Start Your Search" button to continue. You will then see a page of search results. Scroll down the list to find the company for which you are searching. Click the link for the company name in the "Organization Name" column. This will display a report for the organization. Click the tab for "Forms 990 & Docs" to find the EIN, or Employer Identification Number. Go to the Securities and Exchange Commission's website. Click on the "Search for Company Filings" link. Click the first link (company or fund name) under the "You can search information collected by the SEC several ways" section. Enter the name of the company into the "Company Name" text field. Click the "Find Companies" button to continue. Click the "Document" button for one of the documents in the list below. Look at the bottom of the next page and find the "IRS No." (number). This is the Employer Identification Number. Go to the KnowX web site at www.knowx.com. Enter the name of a private company or a person in the text box for "Name." If you are entering a person, type their first and last names. Select a state to search from the drop-down selection. If the business operates in multiple states, leave the multi-state option selected. The multi-state option will search all available jurisdictions in the database. Click the "Search" button to see a list of results. There will be 25 results listed per page if there is more than one business with the same name. Click on a link for a company in the "Name" column to view an individual record. Tips EINFinder is another source that can be used to search for an Employer Identification Number, but a subscription is required. A payment or fee is required to view the full financial details for a private company using the KnowX web site. Warnings You will need to register on the Guidestar web site to view any of the financial or Form 990 information for a company. ky license plate image by timur1970 from Fotolia.com Your car registration number is the number that identifies your specific vehicle and proves that you own it and have properly registered it in your state. This car registration number is the same as your license plate number. If your car is not in your immediate possession and you need to determine your car registration number for insurance or car permit applications, you can find it on your car certificate of registration. Locate your car certificate of registration. This is the document that a state representative handed you when you received the license plates for your car. It is a good idea to make several copies of this document, keeping one in your car's glove box and another in your home office. Spot where your car registration document says "Plate Number" or "Registration Number." This information is located in the top left-hand corner of your vehicle registration. Scan across to the series of numbers and letters corresponding with your plate, or registration, number. This is the official number associated with your car in your state. Write down the registration number on your insurance or car permit applications. You've looked and looked everywhere in your home, but still can't find your birth certificate. It's time to get a replacement, but how? Follow the steps below to obtain your birth certificate. Go to the portal for the U.S. government at Vital Documents in the middle of the right side of the page. Click Birth, Marriage and Death Certificates. The Where to Write for Vital Records page is displayed. Click the name of the state where you were born. The CDC (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) page is displayed for your state. The cost of birth certificate replacement, your address when you were born and other remarks are displayed. When requesting your birth certificate, remember that some states may archive birth certificates at various physical locations due to the age of the records. So make sure you are writing to the correct address. Follow the instructions on the state's website regarding the purchase of replacement birth certificates [source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention]. Remember that the process of obtaining a replacement birth certificate varies from state to state. In some areas you must write to the state government to request your birth certificate and include a check or money order. In other states you can apply online and pay by credit card. However, due to recent legislation you may be asked for proof of identity. This may involve sending photocopies of ID cards, tax returns, bank statements and other forms of ID (source: North Dakota Department of Health Records). Good luck! Birth certificates are often needed for obtaining licenses, getting government benefits and registering for school. While many people turn to the Internet to order additional or replacement birth certificates, ordering your birth certificate in the mail can save a lot of money and is easy once you know who to contact and what information you need to provide. Contact the vital records department of the state and/or county in which you were born. They will be able to mail you a copy of the form needed to officially request a copy of your birth certificate. Mailing this form is usually free and, if you have Internet access, these forms can often be printed at home. Complete the birth certificate request form. This form will ask you for details regarding your birth, including your parents' names (mother's maiden name is needed). Most states also require someone who is requesting his birth certificate to sign documents verifying that he has the authority to obtain the birth certificate in question. Only you or your authorized representatives (including lawyers and often parents) can legally order a copy of your birth certificate. Obtain certified funds to mail for processing and mailing fees. The majority of local governments will not accept cash, personal checks, or even debit/credit cards. Money orders and cashier's checks are often the only forms of payment accepted. Banks provide account holders with either cashier's checks or money orders for little or no fee. Postal money orders require small fees. Some state governments will accept debit or credit cards by phone. If debit or credit cards are accepted, they usually must be in your name. Double-check all forms to avoid delays. Failure to include a valid mailing address for the requested birth certificate can result in extreme delays. Sign and initial all forms to avoid getting the forms sent back to you with instructions for corrections. Mail all forms and fees to the appropriate government vital records department. Allow three to five business days before calling to verify receipt and ask when you can expect your birth certificate in the mail. You usually have to wait seven to 10 business days for receipt. From time to time you need a copy of your birth certificate to get a passport or file for Social Security or some other purpose. If your birth certificate is lost or damaged you need to order a replacement. Birth certificates are records maintained at the state (and sometimes county) level of government and their procedures vary somewhat from one jurisdiction to another. It takes up to 12 weeks to get a replacement birth certificate in some states, so it's a good idea to start early if you need a replacement. To get a replacement birth certificate, you will need to provide your name, address and a government-issued photo ID (driver's license, state ID, military ID). If the birth certificate is for another person, you must also state your relationship and the reason for the request. In general, you must be a parent or other immediate family member, or a legal representative or law enforcement official. Individuals can order informal (noncertified) copies of another person's certificate for things like genealogical research. Be prepared to supply as much information as possible to aid in the search for the original birth certificate. You should have the person's full name and any alternative names used. You also need the date and place of birth, and the father's name and mother's maiden name. You have several options to order a replacement birth certificate. One is to place the order online with a service such as VitalCheck (this company is authorized as a provider by most states). Ordering through a commercial service is expensive, although it is generally a good way to speed up processing if you need the birth certificate quickly. The most frequently used method to get a replacement birth certificate is by mail. To use this method, go to the website of the office of vital records (or statistics) in the state the person was born in (see Resources) to download and print an application form. Fill out the form according to the instructions and mail it to the address shown. Include any identification required and a check or money order for the fee. In some states you can get replacement birth certificates from county clerk or recorder's offices. This is an option you may prefer, since it's generally faster than going through the office of vital records. A final option available in most states is to go to the office of vital records in person. This is actually the fastest way to get a replacement birth certificate (usually the same day or the next business day). The drawback is that there is normally only one such office per state where the records are physically stored, so you have to be in that city to use this method. -----BEGIN PGP SIGNATURE----- Version: GnuPG v1.4.11 (GNU/Linux) iQEcBAABAgAGBQJRvT5BAAdjEDyiX7sETaHfZmmgIAJvMpO50nW3vzoRr2rWRZZA1 6waEAompUgUeyMMiALKCuuuOtBqtqA5ptIT3mUfYzMNtsZYcdDsvZHE8LCj7tah+S N65Vu77dudhh7pUJMpboWx4+YVZCY8epBQBZ1o84NF2VQNYU9g4V9ci80c+Xbyyg rIGPyNF46qiGaxo76h7R50r/mHNTNG3KX6PIVWB6MEdS1grEKqyJ99sXXppliEk 4tXb7ruWYed0De1kry2UOb+8eEg9JlBH1Lw2w9athhteSA3W/kbBPAAAXHrIG0TY6 tPLRvZHOwplxfjvmWT11O1uWbHFY96esc39EE2wgBs1+y0PdEkYp0qVSTf/OI= =ydl83 -----END PGP SIGNATURE----- Download this signature What is this? 1 What Is a List of All Red Meats? 2 What Are Some Symbols of Change and Growth? Things That Represent Change 3 What Does Biodegradable Plastic Really Cost Us? 4 What Is a Group of Sheep Called? 5 How Many Gallons Does 64 Fluid Ounces Equal? 1 How to Use Quizlet Live for Virtual Learning 2 What Does It Mean If Someone Else Dreams You Are Pregnant? 3 What Is 3/4 of a Cup Doubled? 4 Does Sam's Club Accept Food Stamps? 5 What Are the Names of the 12 Disciples of Jesus? 1 Does Sam's Club Accept Food Stamps? 2 What Are Some Examples of Smiles for Love? 3 How to Read a Loan Amortization Table 4 What Does George Soros' Open Society Foundations Network Fund? 5 Why Do So Many Countries Celebrate Labour Day in May? While sending off a birth certificate is the preferred method of proving your U.S. citizenship during the passport application process -- after all, that's the one thing everyone who is a U.S. citizen should have -- there are also alternatives to help you prove your nationality, so there's no need to panic if you don't have your birth certificate. This article covers the different ways you can apply for your passport, as well as what you should do if you are a U.S. citizen, but you were born outside of the United States. A Letter of No Record is issued by the State and includes your name, date of birth, which years were searched for a birth record and the fact that there is no birth certificate on file for you. It's basically proof that there's no record of your birth in the United States, and you'll need to send this off with your passport application. In order to get a Letter of No Record, you'll need to speak to the government of the state in which you were born, and get in touch with their Department of Vital Statistics -- this is the only department who will be able to issue this letter. They'll be able to search their database to see if your birth is on record. If not, they'll provide you with a Letter of No Record. You can expect this process to take about a week in total. Once you've received your Letter of No Record, it's time to start gathering additional documentation as evidence of your citizenship. These documents are referred to as Early Public Records. Here's the full list of what you can use: Baptismal certificate with the Church's seal Hospital birth certificate with the baby's footprints on and your parents' names on it Certified adoption decree State or Federal Census records Early school records Family Bible record Medical record of post-natal care Make sure that these documents are early public records that show your name, the date, and place of your birth, and that they were created within the first five years of your life. You may also submit an Affidavit of Birth form numbered DS-10 from an older blood relative, i.e.: a parent, aunt, uncle or sibling who has "personal knowledge" of your birth. It must be notarized or show the seal and signature of the acceptance agent. Instead of a Letter of No Record, you may be able to apply for a Delayed U.S. Birth Certificate. This is a birth certificate that is filed more than one year after your date of birth. You'll be able to apply for this and use it to get your passport as long as it lists the documentation that you used in order to apply for it and a signature from either an attendant who was there for your birth or an affidavit that has been signed by your parents. If you were born abroad and do not have a Consular Report of Birth Abroad or Certificate of Birth on file, the Department of State has the following instructions for you to follow: If you claim citizenship through birth abroad to one U.S. citizen parent, you will need: Your foreign birth certificate Proof of citizenship of your parent who is a U.S. citizen An affidavit of your parent who is a U.S. citizen. This needs to show all periods and places of residence or physical presence in the United States and abroad before your birth If you claim citizenship through birth abroad to two U.S. citizen parents, you will need: Your foreign birth certificate Your parents' marriage certificate Proof of citizenship of your U.S. parents An affidavit of your U.S. citizen parents showing all periods and places of residence of physical presence in the United States and abroad before your birth. Thanks for letting us know!

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